## **CHORD LESSON**

## **CHORD RELATIONSHIPS**

**A**. One of the very first lessons in the beginner Ukulele class is the introduction of the "TRIAD"... If you align the Root of any CHORD alphabetically in seven steps, ie...

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 C D E F G A B

That is the Key of C Family...

B. The Triad for any Root is 1 4 and 5... In the Key of C that would be

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 C F G

There are a few rules is music theory, they are not hard fast rules but are "NORMAL" rules.

1. The chords from 1 to 7 have a "NORMAL" value.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7
MAJOR minor minor MAJOR MAJOR minor Diminished

- 2. The number 5 chord is "NORMALLY" a 7th chord
- 3. The number 6 chord is called the Relative Minor chord
- 4. The number 7 chord is NORMALLY a Diminished chord

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	MAJOR	minor	minor	MAJOR	MAJOR	minor	Diminished
Key of C	С	Dm	Em	F	G7	Am	Bdim
Key of D	D	Em	Fm	G	A7	Bm	Cdim
Key of F	F	Gm	Am	Bb	C7	Dm	Edim
Key of G	G	Am	Bm	С	D7	Em	Fdim

## **CHORD PROGRESSIONS**

**A**. In most songs the normal chord progression is 1 4 5 6, meaning you can play most songs with those 4 chords once you know the Key of the song.

**B**. In many early 50's (ROCK & ROLL) songs the chord progression is 1 6 4 5, ie... BOOK OF LOVE, I WANT YOU I NEED YOU, IN THE STILL OF THE NIGHT, LET'S TWIST AGAIN, LOLLIPOP, SH-BOOM, SILHOUTTES, TEARS ON MY PILLOW, A TEENAGER IN LOVE, and many, many more... meaning you can "ROCK ON" with those 4 chords once you know the Key of the song.

**C**. There are many chords that step you to the second chord, no magic rule but the step from the root to the 4 chord can be done with the Root7, ie... C C7 F, F F7 Bb, G G7 C, D D7 G

**D**. A common vamp or intro is the chord progression of changing the 2 chord to a 7<sup>th</sup> then 5 and 1, ie. HUKILAU intro G7 C7 F, JUST BECAUSE intro D7 G7 C, ARE YOU LONESOME TONIGHT A7 D7 G,